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**Abstract:** Objectives, methods, and findings are summarized in this section. This section should not exceed 150 words. Conference papers should be written according to the given structure, including the following headings: abstract and keywords, introduction, methods, findings and discussion, conclusion, and references. There is flexibility as to the naming of the sections. Subheadings can be used when necessary. The conference paper shall be written in Times New Roman font size 12. Page format should be A4 page size with margins 2.5 cm wide from the right, left, top, and bottom. The conference paper should be between 1500 and 3000 words, including the references. See the instructions for authors for details on referencing style. Please follow the latest edition of the APA manual.

**Keywords:** word; another word; lower case except names (not more than 5)

# Introduction

The introduction section should present the scope and objectives of the study and briefly review the literature. It should provide background information about the work and its significance while highlighting other relevant literature and specifying how it relates to or differs from your work. You should also discuss the scope and limitations of your study in the introduction.

# Literature Review

The literature review should summarize previous studies pertinent to the paper's subject succinctly. Begin by locating important publications that discuss related issues or methodologies, such as books, journal articles, and conference papers. Highlight the key conclusions, approaches, and gaps in the literature while emphasizing how your study adds to or deviates from earlier research. Organize your work logically and clearly, putting relevant research together. Instead of just listing references, ensure you have the right citations and concentrate on critical analysis. Keep the survey concise and relevant to your research question, aligning with the conference paper’s scope and word limit.

# Methods

This section must clearly state and describe the methodology in sufficient detail. In this section, the methods and tools that are used in the study should be described. Try to write straightforwardly and avoid long and complex sentence structures. Briefly define or explain all technical terms. The terminology common to your practice/discipline may differ from other design practices/disciplines. Explain all acronyms the first time they are used in your text—e.g., “computer-aided design (CAD).” Explain local references (e.g., not everyone knows all city names in a particular country). It is also important to be careful when using gender-specific pronouns (he, she) and other gendered words (chairman, manpower, man-months). Please use inclusive, gender-neutral language (e.g., she or he, they, s/he, chair, staff, staff-hours, person-years). See the guidelines for bias-free writing for further advice and examples regarding gender and other personal attributes (Schwartz, 1995). In addition, be aware of considerations regarding writing about people with disabilities.

# Findings and Discussion

The findings of the work should be explicitly described and illustrated. The conference paper may include supporting figures, tables, and images of the results (no more than two figures and two tables).

All the tables, images, and figures should be centered. Figures and images should be numbered (see Figure 1), and figure headers should be placed under the figure or image; the tables should also be numbered (see Table 1), and the table header should be placed at the top. References (if any) of the tables, figures, and images should be presented under the tables, figures, and images in the form of the author's surname and publication date.

Table 1. This simple table is an example of a table in your conference paper.

| Variables | *M* (*SD*) | Aaa | Bbb | Ccc | Ddd | Eee | Ddd |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sex | 000 |  | .01 | -.01 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| Age | 000 |  |  | .01 | .01\* | .01\* | .01 |
| Income | 000 |  |  |  | .01 | -.01 | -.01 |
| Educ. | 000 (0.00) |  |  |  |  | -.01\* | -.01 |
| Relig. | 000 |  |  |  |  |  | -.01\* |
| Dist. Intol. | 00 (.00) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Notes. N*’s range from 000 to 000 due to occasional missing data. For sex, 0 = male, 1 = female. Educ. = education. Dist. Intol. = distress intolerance. Relig. = religiosity.

\* *p* < .05

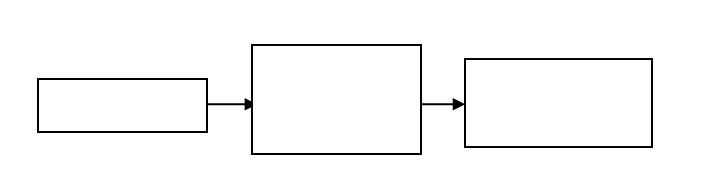


Figure 1*.* This simple figure is an example of a figure in your conference paper (Brown, 2002).

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* For bulleted lists

1. For numbered lists

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# Conclusion

Conclusions should include the principles and generalizations obtained from the results, any exceptions to or problems with these principles and generalizations, theoretical and/or practical implications of the work, and conclusions drawn and recommendations.

# Acknowledgments

If your conference paper contains acknowledgments, they should be placed immediately after the conclusion before the list of references.

# References

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